## Serial↔WLAN module

# **CSW-M85 User's Manual**

Version 2.1



## Sollae Systems Co., Ltd.

http://www.ezTCP.com



This symbol, found on your product or on its packaging, indicates that this product should not be treated as household waste when you wish to dispose of it. Instead, it should be handed over to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is

disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences to the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate disposal of this product. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resources. For more detailed information about the recycling of this product, please contact your local city office, household waste disposal service or the retail store where you purchased this product.

**\*\*** This equipment obtained certification by using 1.5M serial cable.



## Contents

1	Overview	- 5	-
1.1	Overview	- 5	-
1.2	Features	- 5	-
1.3	Application Examples	- 6	-
1.4	Components	- 7	-
1.5	Specification	- 8	-
1.5	5.1 Hardware	- 8	-
1.5	5.2 Software	- 8	-
1.5	5.3 Dimension	- 9	-
1.5	5.4 Pin assignment	10	-
1.5	5.5 Serial Port Parameters	11	-
1.5	5.6 Voltage Parameters	11	-
1.5	5.7 Application Circuit	12	-
1.6	Evaluation Board	13	-
1.6	5.1 Components	13	-
2	Installation and Test	15	-
2.1	Wireless LAN Overview	15	-
2.1	L1 WLAN mode: Infrastructure	15	-
2.1	L2 WLAN mode: Ad-hoc	16	-
2.1	L3 WLAN mode: Soft AP	17	-
2.1	I.4 Key terms	18	-
2.1	L.5 Authentication and Security	18	-
2.2	Installation	19	-
2.2	2.1 Making Wireless LAN link	19	-
2.2	2.2 Setting Network Area	21	-
2.3	Simple Test	23	-
3	Configuration	26	-
3.1	Configuration with ezManager	26	-
3.1	L.1 Configuration via Serial	26	-
3.1	I.2 Configuration via Network	27	-
3.2	AT command	28	-
3.3	WEB Configuration	29	-
4	Operation Modes	31	-
SOLLAE	SOLLAE SYSTEMS - 2 - http://www.ezTCP.c	<u>om</u>	

4.1 What is the Operation Mode?	31 -
4.2 Changing modes	31 -
4.3 Comparison with each mode	32 -
4.4 Normal Mode	32 -
4.4.1 WLAN mode	32 -
4.4.2 Communication mode	33 -
4.5 Serial Configuration Mode	34 -
4.5.1 Configuring Parameters	34 -
4.5.2 Revoking Serurity Options	34 -
4.5.3 Soft AP function	34 -
4.6 ISP Mode	34 -
4.6.1 Upgrading Firmware	34 -
5 Communication Modes	35 -
5.1 TCP Server	35 -
5.1.1 Key parameters	35 -
5.1.2 Examples	36 -
5.2 TCP Client	39 -
5.2.1 Key parameters	39 -
5.2.2 Examples	40 -
5.3 AT Command	43 -
5.3.1 Key parameters	43 -
5.3.2 Examples	44 -
5.4 UDP	47 -
5.4.1 Key parameters	47 -
5.4.2 Examples	48 -
6 System Management	50 -
6.1 Upgrading Firmware	50 -
6.1.1 Firmware	50 -
6.1.2 Processes	50 -
6.2 Status Monitoring	52 -
6.2.1 TELNET	52 -
6.2.2 Status Window of ezManager	54 -
7 Additional Functions	58 -
7.1 Security	58 -
7.1.1 Access Restriction (ezTCP Firewall)	

SOLLAE SYSTEMS

7.1	.2 Setting Password	- 58	3 -
7.1	.3 Using WEP	- 59	) -
7.1	.4 Using WPA-PSK	- 59	) -
7.1	.5 Using WPA-Enterprise	· 60	) -
7.1	.6 Advanced Settings	61	
7.2 (	Option Tab Functions	62	2 -
7.2	.1 Notify IPv4 Change	62	2 -
7.2	.2 Sending MAC Address	63	} -
7.3	Serial Port Tab Functions	64	- I
7.3	.1 TELNET COM port Control Option (RFC 2217) - ①	64	- I
7.3	.2 Disable TCP Transmission Delay - ②	64	- I
7.3	.3 Data Frame Interval - ③	65	; ;
7.3	.4 Separator - ④	65	; ;
7.3	.5 TCP Server / Client mode - ⑤	65	; ;
7.4	Additional Functions	66	5 -
7.4	.1 Wireless RSSI(Received Signal Strengh Indication) function	66	; -
7.4	.2 Factory Reset	66	; -
8	Checklist in Trouble	67	' -
8.1 9	Searching problem with ezManager	67	′ _
8.2	Connection Problem over TCP/IP	- 68	3 -
	Data Communication Problem on the Serial Port		
9 -	Technical Support, Warranty, and Precaution	70	) -
9.1	echnical Support	· 7C	) -
9.2	Varranty	· 7C	) -
9.2	.1 Refund	· 70	) -
9.2	.2 Free Repair Services	· 7C	) -
9.2	.3 Charged Repair Services	· 7C	) -
9.3 I	Precaution	· 71	
10	Revision History	72	<u>!</u> -



## **1** Overview

#### 1.1 Overview

Including a PC, almost all communication devices are using serial communication. Devices transmit and receive data in bit order in the serial communication which is quite simple to implement but has weaknesses such as short distance and hard maintenance.

CSW-M85 is a module-typed converter enables serial devices to support TCP/IP communication through wireless LAN (IEEE 802.11b/g). CSW-M85 carries out the converting process for users to get to the network using TCP/IP protocol.

#### **1.2 Features**

- connect serial devices to IEEE 802.11b/g wireless LAN
- compact module type
- IPv4/IPv6 Dual Stack
- Soft AP mode: support WEP and simple DHCP server
- various WLAN securities: WPA-PSK, WPA-Enterprise(EAP-TLS/TTLS, PEAP)
- Wireless RSSI(Wireless Signal Strength Indication) mode
- Both Internal (Chip) and External (U.FL socket) antennas are available.
- stable embedded TCP/IP stack
- easy configuration program (ezManager)



## **1.3 Application Examples**

• 1:1 network with a PC

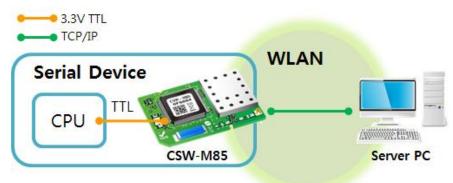


Figure 1-1 1:1 network with a PC

• 1:1 network with a PC through an AP



Figure 1-2 1:1 network with a PC through an AP

Server PC WAN Serial Device CPU TTL CPU CPU CSW-M85 AP Cable Modem

• Internet connection with a xDSL/cable modem

Figure 1-3 Internet connection with an xDSL/cable modem

## **1.4 Components**

- CSW-M85 Body
- Evaluation board for CSW-M85 (Option)



## **1.5 Specification**

#### 1.5.1 Hardware

Dowor	Input Voltage		DC 3.3V (±0.3V)	
Power	Current		typically 260mA	
Dimension			42mm x 28mm	
Weight			About 7g	
CPU		ARM7 Core		
Serial Port	Serial	1 x UART – 3.3V TTL (Baud Rate: 300bps ~ 230,400bps)		
Senal Port	WLAN		Chip Antenna / U.FL connector (IEEE 802.11b/g)	
TemperatureOperating: -10 ~ 70°C / Storage: -40 ~ 85°C		erating: -10 ~ 70℃ / Storage: -40 ~ 85℃		
Approval	KC, CE			
RoHS	RoHS Compliant			

Table 1-1 hardware specification

#### 1.5.2 Software

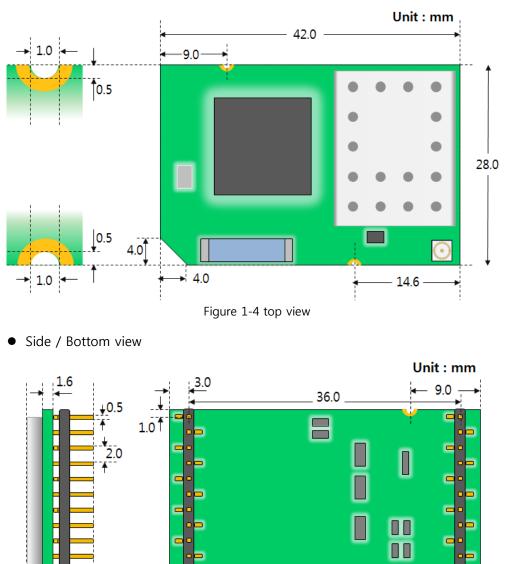
	IPv4/IPv6 Dual stack, TCP, UDP, IP, ICMP, ARP, TELNET, DHCP,			
Protocol	DNS lookup, DDNS	S, Telnet COM Port Control Option(RFC2217),		
	WEP, WPA-PS	K, WPA-Enterprise (EAP-TLS/TTLS, PEAP)		
Operation	Normal	For Normal Data Communication		
Operation mode	ISP	For Upgrading F/W		
mode	Serial Configuration	For Configuration via Serial		
	TCP Server	TCP Passive Connection		
Communicat	TCP Client	TCP Active Connection		
ion mode	AT Command	TCP Passive / Active Connection		
	UDP	UDP		
Major	ezManager	Configuration Utility for MS Windows		
Utilities	ezVSP	Serial to TCP/IP Virtual driver for MS Windows		

Table 1-2 software specification



#### 1.5.3 Dimension





 According to conditions of soldering components, the dimensions might be differed with the above figure.

Figure 1-5 side / bottom view

CON2

- 4.4

14.6 -

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→ 4.0 ←

CON1

2.0

3.0

#### 1.5.4 Pin assignment

#### • CON1/CON2

CON1 and CON2 have headers of 2mm pitches.

CON1	Name	Description	Direction
1	GND	Ground	-
2	SYS_RST#	System Reset (Active Low)	IN
3	ISP#	ISP pin (to enter ISP mode)	IN
4	TCP#	TCP connection state (Established: Low)	OUT
5	RXD	UART IN	IN
6	TXD	UART OUT	OUT
7	CTS	UART CTS	IN
8	RTS	UART RTS (RS232)	OUT
0	KI3	UART TXDE(RS485)	001
9	DRXD	Debugging port (UART IN)	IN
10	DTXD	Debugging port (UART OUT)	OUT
11	LINK_Q#	Link Quality	IN
12	CONFIG#	Configuration mode / Factory Reset	IN

#### Table 1-3 CON1

CON2	Name	Description	Direction
1	STS_LED	Status LED	OUT
2	LINK_LED#	WLAN LINK LED (Established: Low)	OUT
3	RXD_LED#	WLAN RXD LED (Data Received: Low)	OUT
4	TXD_LED#	WLAN TXD LED (Data Transmitted: Low)	OUT
5	3.3V	DC 3.3V IN	IN
6	NC	This pin is Not Connected	-
7	GND	Ground	-
8	USB_VBUS	(only for RF test)	-
9	NC	This pin is Not Connected	-
10	USB_D-	USB_D- (only for RF test)	IN/OUT
11	USB_D+	USB_D+ (only for RF test)	IN/OUT
12	GND	Ground	-

Table 1-4 CON2



Parameter	Value
Number	1
Туре	TTL (3.3V)
Baud rate	300 ~ 230,400 [bps]
Parity	NONE / EVEN / ODD / MARK / SPACE
Data bit	8 / 7 / 6 / 5
Stop bit	1/2
Flow control	NONE / RTS/CTS

#### 1.5.5 Serial Port Parameters

Table 1-5 serial port parameters

## Note that the duration of [Stop bit] will be not 2 bits but 1.5 bits, if you set [Data bit] to 5.

#### 1.5.6 Voltage Parameters

Parameter	Description	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
$V_{\text{DD}}$	Supply Voltage	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	-	-	0.8	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	2.9	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	-	-	0.4	V

Table 1-6 voltage parameters



#### 1.5.7 Application Circuit

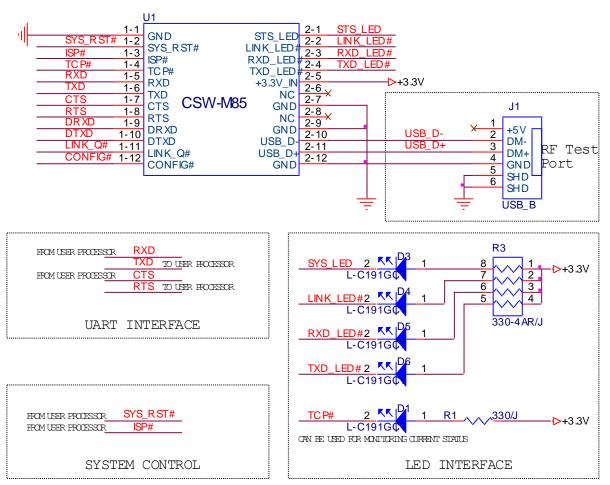


Figure 1-6 application circuit



#### **1.6 Evaluation Board**

The evaluation board for CSW-M85 equips an RJ45, D-SUB 9 pin Male connector and DC power connector.

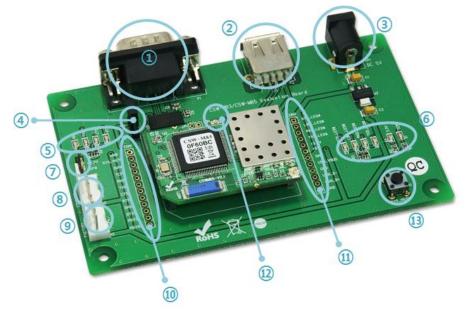


Figure 1-7 evaluation board of CSW-M85

#### 1.6.1 Components

- 1 D-SUB 9 pin male connector for RS232 connection
- ② USB socket (Only for RF Test)
- 3 Connector for supplying 5V DC power
- ④ JP3: Jumper for connecting the Line driver for RS232 port.

Division	ON	OFF
using RS232		
using TTL		

Figure 1-8 jumper positions of JP3

(5) LED indicators 1

Name	Color	Description
RXD (D7)		blinking when receiving data from the serial port
TXD (D8)	Current	blinking when transmitting data to the serial port
CTS (D9)	Green	ON while the counterpart's RTS is ON.
RTS (D10)		ON while CSW-M85 can receive data from the serial port

Table 1-7 LED indicators 1



6 LED indicators 2

Name	Color	Description
TCP# (D1)	Green	ON while TCP connection is established
3.3V (D2)	Red	ON while the power is being supplied
		ON while TCP connection is established
STS# (D3)	Green	blinking every second with obtaining an IP address
		blinking four times at once without obtaining an IP address
	Caraca	ON when a wireless LAN is linked
LINK# (D4)	Green	blinking when a wireless LAN is not linked
RXD# (D5)	Green	blinking when receiving data from the network
TXD# (D6)	Green	blinking when transmitting data to the network

Table 1-8 LED indicators 2

O JP2: jumper for changing modes

Mode	3.3V	ISP	GND
Normal			
Serial Configuration		Less tha	an 1 sec

Figure 1-9 jumper positions of JP2

(8) Console(JP5): port for debugging messages

(9) Factory(JP4): port for production and special functions

Name	Description
#2	This pin is connected to LINK_Q# for LINK Quality Indication.
#3	This pin is connected to CONFIG# for Changing mode to serial
#5	configuration or initializing ENV. (Factory Reset)

Table 1-9 JP4

(1) CON1: All pin is connected with CON1 of CSW-M85

(1) CON2: All pin is connected with CON2 of CSW-M85

12 LED indicators 3

Name	Color	Description
101	Croor	In Normal mode: same operation with STS# LED
LD1	Green	In ISP mode: blinks every second

Table 1-10 LED indicators 3

 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{B}}$  Reset switch: a button which resets power of evaluation board



## 2 Installation and Test

#### 2.1 Wireless LAN Overview

CSW-M85 supports IEEE802.11b/g. IEEE 802.11 is also called Wi-Fi and has two network topologies and those are Infrastructure and Ad-hoc mode.

#### 2.1.1 WLAN mode: Infrastructure

In this mode, every wireless LAN station communicates through an Access Point (AP) so that all stations can be connected to Ethernet, because AP is able to interface witch both wireless LAN and wired LAN (Ethernet).

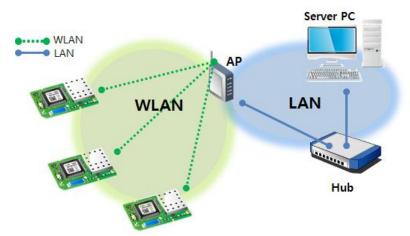


Figure 2-1 infrastructure mode

Select [Infrastructure] on [Wireless LAN] tab of ezManager.

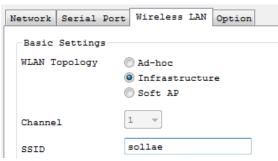


Figure 2-2 setting of Infrastructure



#### 2.1.2 WLAN mode: Ad-hoc

Wireless LAN stations communicate each other without an AP in this mode. Therefore, you can easily make this network. It is suitable for the situation when there is no wired LAN requirement on a small-scale network. Usually, it is called peer-to-peer mode.



Figure 2-3 Ad-hoc mode

Select [Ad-hoc] on [Wireless LAN] tab of ezManager.

Network Seria	l Port	Wireless	LAN	Option
-Basic Settin	igs			
WLAN Topolog	v (	Ad-hoc		
		) Infrastr	uctu	ce
	0	) Soft AP		
Channel		1 🔻		
SSID		sollae		

Figure 2-4 setting of Ad-hoc



#### 2.1.3 WLAN mode: Soft AP

Soft AP(Software embedded Access Point) is a mode that a wireless client can act as an AP through software embedded AP functions. Using this mode, a wireless client allows communicate with not only laptops and smartphone but also devices which don't have Adhoc function.

CSW-M85 supports Soft AP function. While operating in this function, it has an IP address of 10.1.0.1 and assigns an IP address of 10.X.X.X to each wireless client. (a simple DHCP server)

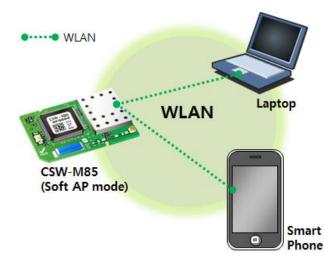


Figure 2-5 Soft AP mode

Although this function is automatically operated in Serial Configuration mode, you can set manually on [Wireless LAN] tab of ezManager like the figure below.

N	etwork	Serial	Port	Wirel	ess L	AN	Option
	Basic	Setting	s				
		opology		Ad-ho	_		
	WDAN I	oporogy	0	) Infra		tur	-
				) Soft			-
	Channe	1		1 🔻			
	COTO		Г	sollae			
	SSID						

Figure 2-6 setting of Soft AP



#### 2.1.4 Key terms

• SSID(Service Set Identifier)

It is a name to identify the particular wireless LAN. So every single station should have the same SSID to communicate in the network. In the case of infrastructure mode, you have to set the same SSID with the AP to CSW-M85. Otherwise, it will not communicate at all. The maximum length of this parameter is 31 bytes and the default is "sollae".

• Channel

Wireless LAN stations communicate through the ISM (Industrial, Scientific, and Medical) band which has the range of frequencies around 2.4GHz. IEEE 802.11 specification divides this band into 14 channels in every 5MHz. If you install more than one wireless network in the same area, the channels should be apart more than 4 channels to avoid interferences.

#### 2.1.5 Authentication and Security

• Authentication

A wireless LAN station should get authentication from the AP in the infrastructure network. There are two methods for the authentication, Open system and the Shared key.

• WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy)

The WEP is a secure protocol for wireless LAN. You need to set 64 bit or 128 bit key. You can use both hexadecimal and ASCII code for this.

• WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)

WPA is a security standard for users of devices equipped with Wi-Fi wireless connection. It is an improvement on and is expected to replace the original Wi-Fi security standard, Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP). There are two modes about the user authentication in WPA security. One is Enterprise which has an authentication server and the other is PSK (Pre-Shared Key) which does not have any servers.

• WPA2

To final security of Wireless LAN, IEEE 802.11i which is a standard about Wireless LAN has suggested the Counter Mode with Cipher Block Changing Message Authentication Code Protocol (CCMP) for replacing the TKIP. CCMP uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES). WPA 2 adopts AES. WPA 2 has also both Enterprise and PSK mode.

#### 2.2 Installation

Before testing CSW-M85, make sure that a connection between your PC and CSW-M85 is established via Serial and wireless LAN. This section is an example which is based on Infrastructure mode.

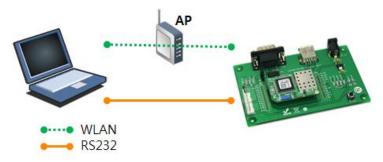


Figure 2-7 WLAN and RS232 connection using a laptop

#### 2.2.1 Making Wireless LAN link

When you connect an AP or wireless LAN adapter to your PC, Wireless LAN link is not automatically established. Therefore, its parameters should be set on CSW-M85 beforehand.

Please, carry out the following steps.

- Supplying Power
   Supply power to the board.
- (2) Entering Serial Configuration mode

Change the operation mode to Serial Configuration mode.

③ Reading environmental parameters

Run ezManager and open the COM port. And then, press the [Read] button.

S	Search e	ZTCP	
	MAC	IP	Serial (1)
2	COM P	ort	• Open 3
	4	Read	Reboot

Figure 2-8 reading environmental parameters

*Click the link to download ezManager: <u>Download</u>* 

④ Configuring Wireless LAN Parameters

Set the same SSID and security options on the [Wireless LAN] tab.

Network Serial Port	; Wireless LAN	Option
Basic Settings		
WLAN Topology	🔘 Ad-hoc	
	Infrastructur	re
	Soft AP	
Channel	1 -	
SSID	sollae	
Antenna	Internal Ante	enna
	External Ante	enna
	Advanced Set	ttings
Security Settings		
Shared Key		
	Hide Characte	ers
802.1X	Disable	•
	ID/Passwo	ord

Figure 2-9 an example for setting WLAN parameters

#### 2.2.2 Setting Network Area

This procedure should be followed to make CSW-M85 and your PC located on the same network for a TCP connection.

• PC settings

Add or change the IP address of the network adapter on your PC like following. Click [Windows Control Panel] >> [Network Connections] and [Properties of the Network Adapter]. Then, you can see the properties of [Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)]. Press the [Advanced] button and add an IP Address like the figure below.

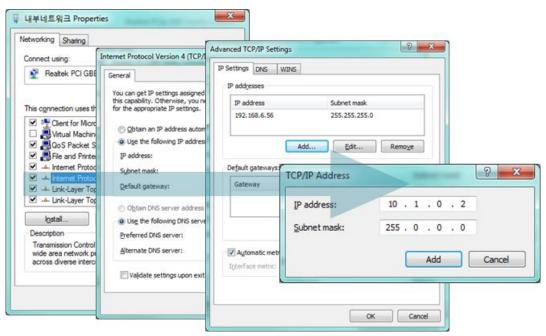


Figure 2-10 PC settings



#### • CSW-M85 settings

ezManager comes with CSW-M85 as a configuration tool. This software is easy to use and does not need installation since it operates on MS Windows.

First, search CSW-M85 via serial port. For test run, set all the values of parameters to the factory default.

	Name	Default values
	Local IP Address	10.1.0.1
Network	Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0
	IPv6	Disable
	Serial Type	RS232
	Baud Rate	19,200bps
	Parity	NONE
Serial Port	Data Bits	8
(COM1)	Stop Bit	1
	Flow Control	NONE
	Communication mode	TCP Server
	Local Port	1470
	Тороlоду	Infrastructure
WLAN	SSID	sollae
WLAN	Antenna	Internal Antenna
	Security Settings	Disable
Ontion	TELNET	Enable
Option	IP Address Search	Enable

Table 2-1 default values of major parameters

To use an external antenna, connect the antenna to U.FL socket and set the parameter to External Antenna.



Figure 2-11 parameter for selecting antenna

#### 2.3 Simple Test

If you press the [Simple Test] button, the test program will be shown on your screen.

• Connecting to the CSW-M85 via LAN

M Simple Test	×
LAN Send Receive	
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37  01234567	~
Data Length 8 Apply Received Data	v 0 Byte(s)
Save Load Send Data 2 Save	Clear
ICP Client     Local Port     Peer Address       Keep Alive     0     10.1.0.1       © IPv4     IPv6     Connect	Peer Port 1470
3	
Ready	

Figure 2-12 settings for TCP connection

- ① Select [TCP Client]
- 2 Input correct IP address and port number of CSW-M85
- ③ Click the [Connect] button. (In the case of TCP Server, it will be [Listen] button)
- Opening RS232 Port

l r	RS232	
	Send	Receive
	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37  01234567	*
	Data Length 8 🔺 Apply	Received Data 0 Byte(s)
	Save Load Send Data	Save Clear
	COM Port Baudrate Parity Data	Bits Stop Bit Flow Control Open 6
4	COM3 - 19200 - NONE - 8	▼ 1 ▼ NONE ▼ Close
	COM3 Closed	5
	CI	lose

Figure 2-13 opening COM Port

- 4 Select COM port which the CSW-M85 is connected to
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$  Make sure that all the parameters are the same with CSW-M85
- 6 Press the [Open] button



Send		P	eceive		
30 31 32 33 3	4 35 36 37  01	234567			
Data Length	8 🔹	Apply Send Data	Received Data	Save	0 Byte(s Clear
TCP Client	0	Ort Peer Addre	Disconnect	Peer 1470	Port

• Confirm the TCP Connection and COM port status

Figure 2-14 TCP Connected message

O Check the message if the TCP connection has been established well

Data Length 8 Apply Received Data 0 By	
	te (s
Save Load Send Data Save Clev	ar
COM Port Baudrate Parity Data Bits Stop Bit Flow Control	n
COM3 * 19200 * NONE * 8 * 1 * NONE * Clo	se

Figure 2-15 COM Port open message

(8) Check the message if the COM port has been opened



• Data transmission test

LAN				
Send			Receive	
30 31 32 33 34	05 06 07 14	01234567		101224562
				12
Data Length	8	Apply	Received Data	8 Byte(s)
Save	Load	Send Data	9 Save	Clear
TCP Client	Local	Port Peer Add	ress	Peer Port
√ Keep Alive	0	10.1.0.1		1470
		Connec	Disconnect	
◎ IPv4 ○ IPv	76			
Connected				
RS232 Send			Receive	
RS232 Send	35 36 37 10	01234567	Receive 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	101234567
RS232 Send				
85232 Send 30 31 32 33 34			30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	0. 8 Byte(s
25232 Send 30 31 32 33 34 Data Length Save	8 A	Apply Send Data	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	8 Byte(s Clear
25232 Send 30 31 32 33 34 Data Length Save	8 × Load	Apply Send Data	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 Received Data	8 Byte(s Clear
Save COM Port Bau	8 × Load	Apply Send Data Parity Data	30       31       32       33       34       35       36       37         Received Data         (1)       Save         a Bits       Stop Bit       Flow Cor	8 Byte(s Clear atrol Open

Figure 2-16 successful data transmission

- (9) Click [Send data] on the LAN side
- 10 Check the data from (9) has been shown

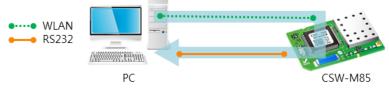


Figure 2-17 WLAN  $\rightarrow$  RS232

- (1) Press [Send data] on the RS232 side
- 1 Check the data from 1 has been received

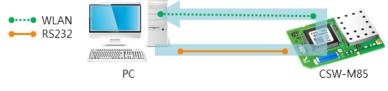


Figure 2-18 RS232  $\rightarrow$  WLAN



## 3 Configuration

## **3.1 Configuration with ezManager**

#### 3.1.1 Configuration via Serial

• Requirements

Make sure the connection between your PC and CSW-M85 using RS232 cross cable. To use this, CSW-M85 has to be operating in the Serial Configuration mode.

#### • Procedures

1. Mode Switching	Change the mode to Serial Configuration mode	
2. Reading	Read environmental parameters with the [Read] button	
3. Setting	Set the values of the parameters properly	
4. Writing	Save the setting with the [Write] button	
Figure 3-1 configuration procedures via Serial		

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#### 3.1.2 Configuration via Network

If CSW-M85 is connected with your PC on wireless LAN, you can search and configure CSW-M85 with [MAC Address] and [IP Address] tab on ezManager.

• Requirements

CSW-M85 has to be connected to PC on the same network. Connect it to wireless network, using Ad-hoc, Infrastructure or Soft AP mode.

• Procedures

1. Searching	Use [Search All] or [Read] button on ezManager			
2. Selecting	Select a MAC Address which you want to set parameters			
3. Setting	Set the values of the parameters properly			
4. Writing	Save the setting with [Write] button			
Figure 2.2 procedures for configuration via M/LAN				

Figure 3-2 procedures for configuration via WLAN



#### 3.2 AT command

In the AT command mode, you can change some parameters through the serial port.

• Requirements

Make sure the connection between your PC and CSW-M85 using RS232 cross cable (In the case of using EVB). To use this mode, CSW-M85 has to be set to [AT command] mode on ezManager.

 In the case of connecting MCU to CSW-M85 without the evaluation board, the both UART settings should be the same.

TCP/IP	
Communication Mode	
ATC - AT Command	<b>•</b>
Peer Address	

Figure 3-3 setting the communication mode to the AT command

#### Procedures

1. Mode Configuration	Set the communication mode to the AT command	
2. Opening Terminal	Run a serial terminal program like HyperTerminal	
3. Setting	Set the values properly with the AT commands	
4. Writing	Save the setting with the AT+PWP command	

Figure 3-4 configuration procedures with AT command

• Available settings

Items	Available parameters		
IP Address	Local IP Address, DHCP, Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address and etc.		
TCP connection	Local Port, Peer Address (IP Address or Host name), and etc.		
WLAN	Topology, SSID, WEP, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK and etc.		
Option	ESC code sending option, timeout and etc.		

Table 3-1 available settings by AT commands



## 3.3 WEB Configuration

Use a WEB browser for configuration.

Requirements

Product should be operated in Serial Configuration mode, activating background Soft AP function. A WEB browser and Wireless LAN adaptor are required on your PC.

• Procedures

1. WEB browser	Run a WEB browser on your PC		
2. Connection	Connect to the WEB server (http://10.1.0.1)		
3. Configuration	Set the values of the parameters properly		
4. Save	Save the setting with the [save] button		
Eigure 2.5 WER configuration			

Figure 3-5 WEB configuration

• WEB Configuration Page

WEB Configuration ×	. <b>. .</b>
$\leftarrow \rightarrow C \uparrow 10.1.0.1$	
[Network]	
IP Setting      Static      DHCP	
• IP Address : 10.1.0.1	
• Subnet Mask : 255.0.0.0	
• Gateway : 0.0.0.0	
[Wireless LAN]	
WLAN Topology	
◎ Ad-hoc ◎ Infrastructure ◎ Soft AP	
Channel 1	
SSID : sollae	
Security Settings (	
WEP/WPA Key :	
802.1x: None	
EAP ID :	
EAP Password :	
[Option]	
Comment :	
<u>Admin Password</u>	
save reboot	

Figure 3-6 WEB configuration page



#### • Available settings

Items	Available parameters		
Network	IP Setting (Static / DHCP), IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway		
TCP connection	WLAN Topology, Channel, SSID and Security Settings		
Option	Comment and Admin Password		
etc.	Reboot		

Table 3-2 available settings by WEB configuration



## 4 **Operation Modes**

#### 4.1 What is the Operation Mode?

Each of three operation modes is defined for specific purpose as follows:

• Normal mode

This mode is for normal data communication and there are 4 different connection modes. Configuring parameters is also available in this mode.

• Serial Configuration mode

This mode is for configuring environmental parameters through the serial port. Background Soft AP function is automatically activated in this mode

• ISP mode

4.2 Changing modes

This mode is only for changing firmware.

# Power ON Normal Mode Serial Configuration Mode I Serial Configuration Mode ISP Mode

Figure 4-1 diagram for changing modes

- ① Connect CONFIG# pin to GND or put the ISP# pin into GND less than 1 second.
- ② Reset or input "g 0" command.
- ③ Transfer a firmware by ezManager.



#### 4.3 Comparison with each mode

Name	Serial port	Serial type	
Normal	configured value	RS232 / RS422 / RS485	
Serial Configuration	115,200/N/8/1	RS232	
ISP	115,200/N/8/1	RS232	

The table below shows comparison of each mode in serial port operation.

Table 4-1 comparison of each mode

#### 4.4 Normal Mode

#### 4.4.1 WLAN mode

CSW-M85 supports three types of WLAN mode.

WLAN mode	Description		
Ad-hoc	WLAN is composed to only stations without an AP		
Infrastructure	WLAN is composed to an AP and clients		
Soft AP	Works like an AP		

Table 4-2 comparison of WLAN mode 1

Required and available values for each WLAN mode are as follows:

WLAN mode	Channel	SSID	WEP	WPA
Ad-hoc	required	required	optional	not available
Infrastructure	not available	required	optional	optional
Soft AP	required	required	optional	not available

Table 4-3 comparison of WLAN mode 2

 Soft AP is automatically activated on the background when CSW-M85 is in Serial Configuration mode with SSID of "cfg\_[MAC Address]" format.



#### 4.4.2 Communication mode

In normal mode, there are four connection types to communicate with a remote host.

Mode	Description
TCP Server	Wait connection request from TCP clients (Passive Connection)
TCP Client	Send connection request to a TCP server (Active Connection)
AT Command	Control connections by AC commands (Active / Passive Connection)
UDP	Communicate in block units without connection

Table 4-4 comparison of communication mode 1

Mode	Protocol	Connection	Requirements about Modifying S/W of serial devices	Serial configuration	Topology
TCP Server		Passive	N/A	N/A	1:1
TCP Client	TCP	Active	N/A	N/A	1:1
AT Command		Both	Required	Available	1:1
UDP	UDP	-	N/A	N/A	N:M

Table 4-5 comparison of communication mode 2

• N/A: Not Applicable or Not Available.



#### 4.5 Serial Configuration Mode

#### 4.5.1 Configuring Parameters

This is a mode for setting environmental parameters through the serial port. If you cannot use the WLAN, this mode is only way to configure the parameters. Click the [Read] button on the [Serial] tab of ezManager after entering this mode.

#### *• Refer to <u>Serial Management Protocol</u> for more details.*

#### 4.5.2 Revoking Serurity Options

CSW-M85 offers restriction for security like filtering with password or MAC and IP address. In the serial configuration mode, you can revoke all of these options. When you forgot the password, enter this mode to change or delete it.

#### 4.5.3 Soft AP function

CSW-M85 activates Soft AP function in background while operating under Serial Configuration mode.

#### 4.6 ISP Mode

#### 4.6.1 Upgrading Firmware

ISP mode is for upgrading firmware. Upgrading Firmware is implemented by ezManager. For more details about this, please refer to the clause 6.1.



## 5 Communication Modes

#### 5.1 TCP Server

In this mode, CSW-M85 listens to a TCP connection request from remote hosts. Once a host tries connecting to CSW-M85, it accepts a connection. After the connection is established, CSW-M85 converts the raw data from the serial port to TCP/IP data and sends it to the network and vice versa.

#### 5.1.1 Key parameters

• Local Port

This is a server's port number which is used in the TCP connection.

• Event Byte

With setting event bytes, you can handle the serial data of the serial buffer before a TCP connection is established.

Value	Description		
0	CSW-M85 does not send the data.		
Otherwise	CSW-M85 sends the data right after a connection is established.		
(512 or under)	512 or under bytes are strongly recommended.		

Table 5-1 Event Byte

• Timeout

If there is no transmission data for amount of the time the connection would be terminated.

• Notify IP Change

This function is for notifying information about changed IP addresses to a management server. Not only can the TCP/UDP protocol be used, but Dynamic Domain Name Service (DDNS).

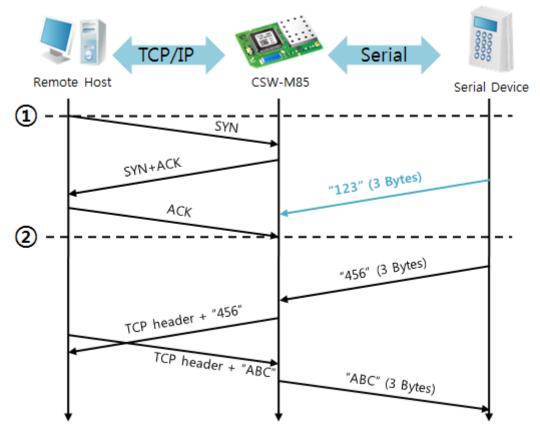
• Access restriction

You can block TCP connections from unauthorized hosts by using this option. Both IP and MAC address are available.



#### 5.1.2 Examples

• A situation that [Event Byte] is set to 0.

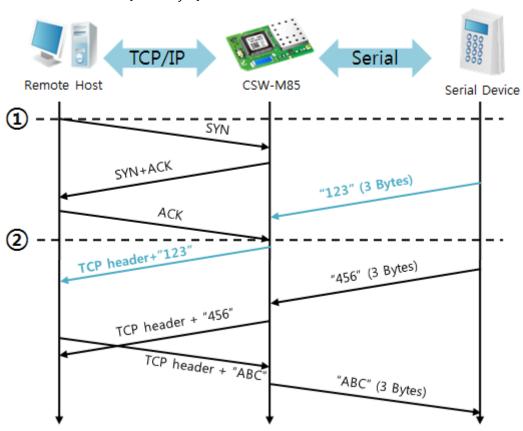


#### Figure 5-1 time chart

Time	States	
~	CSW-M85 listens to connection requests.	
1	Remote host sends a connection request (SYN) segment.	
~	Processes of the connection	
2	The connection is established.	
~	Data communication is implemented on both sides.	

Table 5-2 states of each point

Look at the blue arrow. The data "123" from the serial port has been sent before establishing a connection. In this case, the data would not be sent because of the [Event Byte] is set to 0.



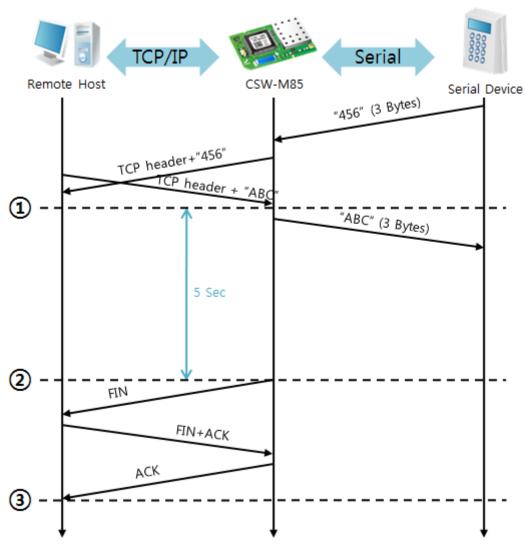
• A situation that [Event Byte] is set to 1

#### Figure 5-2 time chart

Time	States
~	CSW-M85 listens to connection requests.
1	Remote host sends connection request (SYN) segment.
~	Processes of the connection
2	The connection is established.
~	Data communication is implemented on both sides.
Table E 2 states of each point	

Table 5-3 states of each point

As you can see, the data "123" has been sent right after establishing a connection because the value of [Event Byte] had been set to 1.



• A situation that [Timeout] is set to 5

Figure 5-3 time chart

Time	States
~	Data communication on both sides
1	The last segment arrives at the CSW-M85.
~	No data communication for 5 seconds
2	CSW-M85 sends disconnection request (FIN) to a remote host.
~	Processes of the disconnection
3	The connection is terminated.
~	CSW-M85 listens to connection requests.

Table 5-4 states of each point



## 5.2 TCP Client

In this mode, CSW-M85 sends request segments to a TCP server with information of [Peer Address] and [Peer Port]. Once a host is listening, the connection will be established. After then, CSW-M85 converts the raw data from the serial port to TCP/IP data and sends them to the network and vice versa.

#### 5.2.1 Key parameters

• Peer Address

This item is an address of TCP server.

• Peer Port

[Peer Port] is the port number of TCP server.

• Event Byte

This item can decide the point of time to send the connection request parameter.

Value	The point of time to send request segment	
0	Right after CSW-M85 boots up	
Otherwise (512 or under)	Right after the bytes set to [Event Byte] have been received from	
	the serial port	
	Setting to less than 512 bytes is strongly recommended.	

Table 5-5 the operation of Event Byte 1

In addition, you can handle the serial data before a TCP connection is established with this parameter.

Value	Description	
0	CSW-M85 does not send the data.	
Otherwise	CSW-M85 sends the data right after a connection is established.	
(512 or under)	Setting to less than 512 bytes is strongly recommended.	

Table 5-6 the operation of Event Byte 2

• Timeout

If there is no data transmission for amount of the time the connection would be terminated.

• TCP Server

This check option enables you to get to the TCP Server / Client mode. In this mode, CSW-M85 can be operated as a TCP server or client without changing its settings.



#### • DNS IP Address

[DNS IP Address] is needed when you use a host name instead of an IP address.

#### 5.2.2 Examples

• A situation that [Event Byte] is set to 0

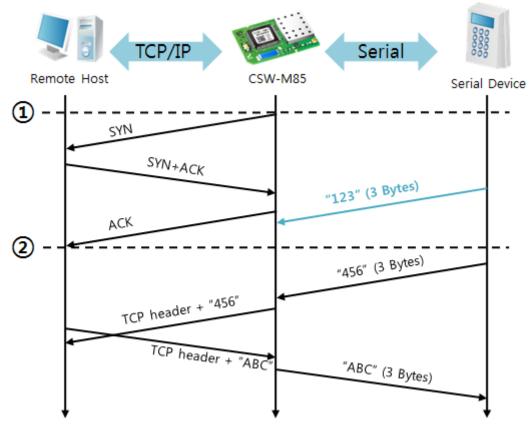
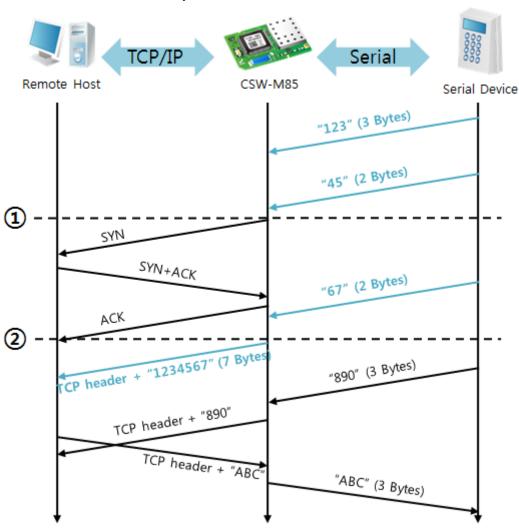


Figure 5-4 time chart

Time	States	
~	Power is not supplied yet.	
1	CSW-M85 sends a connection request segment right after it	
	boots up.	
~	processes of TCP connection	
2	The connection is established.	
~	data communication on both sides	

Table 5-7 states of each point

Look at the blue arrow. The data "123" from the serial port was sent before establishing a connection. In this case, the data would not be sent because of the [Event Byte] is set to 0.



• A situation that [Event Byte] is set to 5

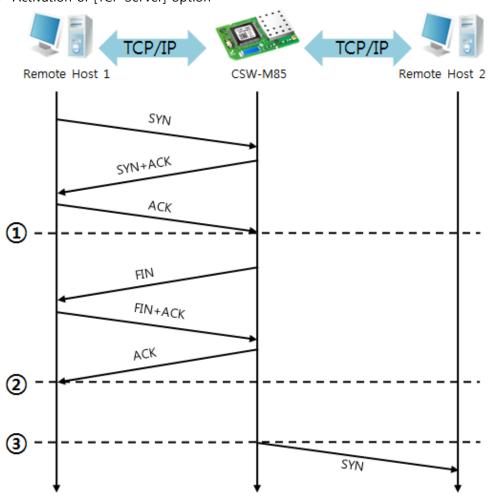
Figure 5-5 time chart

Time	States	
~	CSW-M85 receives data from its serial port.	
1	CSW-M85 sends a connection request segment right after receiving	
	5 bytes.	
~	processes of the TCP connection	
2	The connection is established.	
~	The data "1234567" is transmitted to the remote host.	

Table 5-8 states of each point

As you can see, CSW-M85 has sent a request segment right after the size of the serial data has been 5 bytes. Even though they arrived before the connection, the data "123", "45" and "67" was transmitted to the remote host because the [Event Byte] is set to 5.





• Activation of [TCP Server] option

Figure 5-6 time chart

Time	States
~	CSW-M85 listens to connection requests
1	The connection has been established
~	CSW-M85 is online and processes of the disconnection
2	The connection is terminated
~	Both sides are offline
3	Sends TCP connection request segment

Table 5-9 states of each point

The TCP Server / Client mode can be useful option by using [Event Byte] and [Timeout]. Note that only one TCP connection can be established at the same time, so users should consider setting [Timeout] properly.

Refer to <u>TCP Server / Client mode</u> for more details.



## 5.3 AT Command

In AT command mode, you can control CSW-M85 with AT commands like a controlling modem. Active and passive TCP connections are available while UDP is not. And you are allowed to configure some environmental parameters with extended commands.

#### 5.3.1 Key parameters

The configuration should be implemented via the serial port.

Commands	Description	Examples
+PLIP	Local IP Address	at+plip=10.1.0.1 <cr></cr>
+PLP	Local Port	at+plp=1470 <cr></cr>
+PRIP	Peer IP Address	at+prip=10.1.0.2 < CR>
+PRP	Peer Port	at+prp=1470 <cr></cr>
+PDC	DHCP	at+pdc=1 <cr></cr>
+PTO	Timeout	at+pto=10 <cr></cr>
+WCCT	WLAN Topology	at+wcct=1 <cr></cr>
+WSSID	SSID	at+wssid="sollae" <cr></cr>
+WANT	Antenna	at+want=0 <cr></cr>
+PWP	Store setting	at+pwp <cr></cr>

Table 5-10 some of extended AT commands for configuration

• Related items with IP Address and Local Port

Local port can be set as well as IP address related parameters like IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway IP Address.

• Peer Address / Peer Port

IP address and local port of a remote host are can be set.

• Type of assigning IP address: Manual, DHCP

Not only are manual setting available, also automatic assigning protocol (DHCP).

• WLAN parameters

WLAN Topology, SSID and antenna can be configured by the above commands.

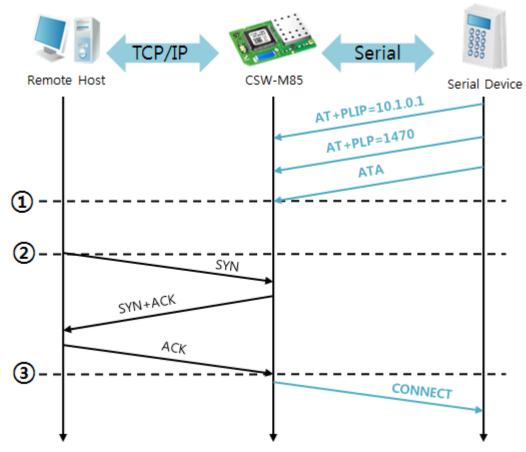
• Others

Some of options including [Timeout] can be configured in this mode

*©* Refer to <u>AT Command mode</u> for more details.



#### 5.3.2 Examples



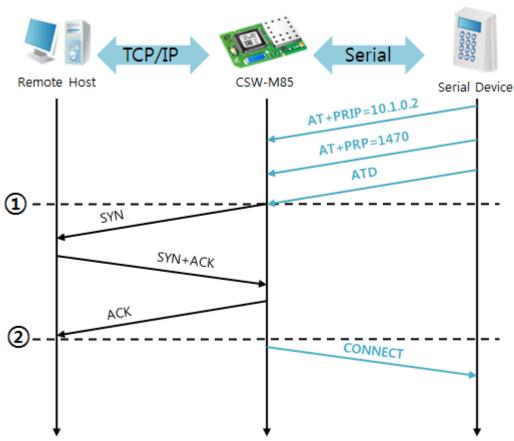
• TCP Server – setting parameters and passive connection

Figure 5-7 time chart

Time	States
~	configuring parameters with AT commands
1)	ATA command has arrived.
~	CSW-M85 listens to TCP connection requests.
2	A remote host sends SYN segment to CSW-M85.
~	processes of TCP connection
3	TCP connection is established.
~	CSW-M85 sends "CONNECT" message to the serial port.

Table 5-11 states of each point

*Some of the response messages from the serial port of CSW-M85 are omitted on above figure.* 



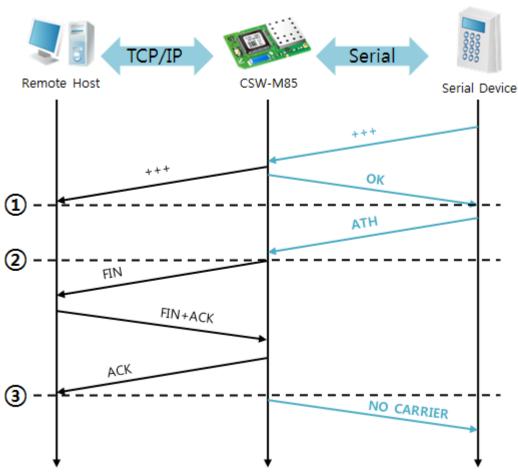
• TCP Client - setting parameters and active connection

Figure 5-8 time chart

Time	States	
~	configuring parameters with AT commands	
1	CSW-M85 sends TCP connection request with the ATD	
	command.	
~	processes of TCP connection	
2	TCP connection is established.	
~	CSW-M85 sends "CONNECT" message to the serial port.	

Table 5-12 states of each point





• Termination of online status – entering the AT command mode

Figure 5-9 time chart

Time	States
~	TCP connection is on-line.
1	The mode is changed to "command mode" after receiving "+++".
~	command mode (TCP connection is off-line)
2	CSW-M85 sends FIN segment right after the "ATH" arrives.
~	processes of TCP disconnection
3	TCP connection is terminated
~	CSW-M85 sends "NO CARRIER" with disconnection.

Table 5-13 states of each point

CSW-M85 changes the mode to AT command, when receiving "+++". In this state, the communication with remote host is unavailable because CSW-M85 processes only AT commands. Whenever you want to go back to on-line state, just give "ATO" command.

### 5.4 UDP

UDP has no connection processes. In this mode, data is sent in block units. Therefore, data that comes through CSW-M85's serial port is collected in block units to send it elsewhere.

#### 5.4.1 Key parameters

• Event Byte

[Event Byte] is to set the time to gather data in one block. Its unit is byte. If the data in configured size of the [Event Byte] comes into the serial port, CSW-M85 will send them as one block to the network. The maximum value could be 1460 bytes.

• Data Frame

[Data Frame] means the time for gathering data to make one block. Its unit is 10ms. If there is no data from the serial devices during the [Data Frame] time, CSW-M85 sends and receives data in the buffer as one block to the network.

# Once one of the two parameters, event byte and data frame, is sufficient, UDP packet block will be transmitted.

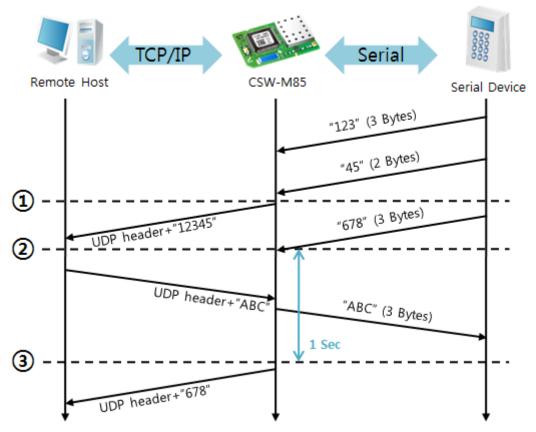
• Dynamic update of Peer host

If you set the value of [Peer Address] and [Peer Port] to 0, [dynamic update of peer host] function is activated. By using this function, CSW-M85 can communicate to multiple hosts without additional setting.



#### 5.4.2 Examples

• Event Byte: 5 bytes / Data Frame: 1sec



#### Figure 5-10 time chart

Time	States
~	CSW-M85 receives data from the serial port
1	CSW-M85 sends 5 bytes as one block based on the [Event byte].
~	Serial device sends data "678".
2	The data "678" arrives.
~	CSW-M85 sends data from the remote host to the serial device
3	1 second
~	CSW-M85 sends data "678" as one block based on the [Data frame].

Table 5-14 states of each point

#### • Dynamic Update of Peer host

This is a function that CSW-M85 automatically sets its peer host with information of the last packet received from network. The source address of the packet is set to the peer host.

Parameters	Values
Peer Address	None
Peer Port	0

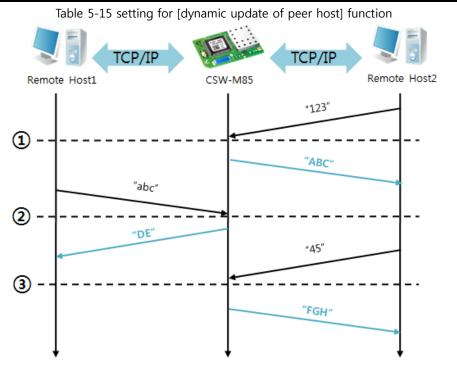


Figure 5-11 time chart

Time	States
~	Sending any UDP data to the network is impossible.
1	UDP data arrives from Remote Host 2.
~	Send UDP data to Remote Host 2.
2	UDP data arrives from Remote Host 1.
~	Send UDP data to Remote Host 1.
3	UDP data arrives from Remote Host 2.
~	Send UDP data to Remote Host 2.

Table 5-16 states of each point

The data "ABC", "DE" and "FGH" are ones that come from the serial port of CSW-M85 in the above figure.



## 6 System Management

### 6.1 Upgrading Firmware

#### 6.1.1 Firmware

Firmware is a type of software to operate CSW-M85. If there are needs for adding functions or fixing bugs, the firmware can be modified and released. That is why we always recommend using the latest firmware.

#### 6.1.2 Processes

• Downloading the latest firmware

Download the latest firmware file uploaded at our website.

• Connecting the serial ports

Connect the serial port of CSW-M85 to the PC's COM port with RS232 cross cable.

• Run Change F/W / HTML program for sending the F/W file

Run the program on ezManager and click the [Change F/W / HTML] button.

Search ezTCP	Change F/W / HTML	X
MAC IP Serial	Local IP Address (4)  Change Firmware Change HTML 10 . 1 . 0 . 1  Open Firmware / HTML Send	Close
COM3 • Open 1	0 115,200 bps ◎ 230,400 bps ◎ 460,800 bps 5	crose
Read Reboot		
Search		
Advanced Menu		
Change F/W / HTML	3 ebugging Message	
Set Password	Factory Reset	

Figure 6-1 running Change F/W / HTML program for sending F/W file

- ① Press the [Open] button after selecting the COM port.
- ② Click the [Advanced Menu] check box.
- ③ Press the [Change F/W / HTML] button.
- ④ Check the [Change Firmware] radio button.
- ⑤ Press the [Open Firmware / HTML] button and choose the firmware file.



<ul> <li>Checking firmware file and Sending</li> </ul>	
Change F/W / HTML	x
Local IP Address   Change Firmware Change HTML  10 1 0 1 Open Firmware / HTML Send Close	
● 115,200 bps ② 230,400 bps ③ 460,800 bps ②	Change F/W / HTML
[CRC:CC31] C:\Users\Roy\Documents\M93R20A.BIN 1	Local IP Address   Change Firmware  Change HTML
ezTCP Manager v3.1K (2012/04/27)	10 1 0 1 Open Firmware / HTML Send Close 9 115,200 bps 230,400 bps 460,800 bps
NLAN : Please, reboot the product. Ethernet : Please, try again after changing operation mode of the product to serial configuration mode. 3 Close	ICRC: CC31] C: \Users\Rey\Documents\M83R20A.BIN           ezTCP Manager v3.1K (2012/04/27)           Image: Comparison of the state of the

Figure 6-2 sending firmware file

1 Check if the name and path of the firmware file are correct.

② Click the [Send] button.

③ Restart request will be shown. After rebooting, the program will send the file automatically.

④ Confirm the completion message.



## 6.2 Status Monitoring

#### 6.2.1 TELNET

When the [TELNET] option is activated, you can remotely log in to CSW-M85. If a password is set, you should input the password. After then, messages from CSW-M85 will appear like the following figure.

CSW-M85 Management Console v2.1C Sollae Systems lsh>	~
131/	-

Figure 6-3 log in to CSW-M85 via TELNET

Following commands help you check states of CSW-M85

Command	Option	Description	Usage
	net	IPv4 Network Status	lsh>st net
at	net6	IPv6 Network Status	lsh>st net6
st	sio	Serial Port Status	lsh>st sio
	uptime	System Uptime	lsh>st uptime
SC	[OP1][OP2]	Session Close	lsh>sc com1 close

Table 6-1 commands for checking states

• st net

This command is displays current IPv4 network states of all sessions.

lsh≻st net proto name	local address	peer address sendg state	
TCP tty TCP com1 lsh>	10.1.0.1( 23) 0.0.0.0( 1470)	10.6.0.56<58989> 219 ESTABLISHED 0.0.0.0< 0> 0 LISTEN	

Figure 6-4 "st net" command

st net6

This command displays current IPv6 network states of all sessions.

Figure 6-5 "st net6" command



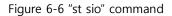
•

÷

• st sio

This command is for displaying the number of bytes of the serial port.

```
lsh>st sio
port fmax rbmax rxbuf txbuf rx_count tx_count
---- ---- ----- ----- ------ -------
com1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
lsh>
```



• st uptime

This command is for showing system uptime since CSW-M85 has booted up.

lsh>st uptime	*
00:08:20.08 up 0 days 1sh>	
1211/	-

Figure 6-7 "st uptime" command

• sc

This command disconnects one of the current sessions. Input session name to [OP1] and "close" command to [OP2].

lsh≻sc com1 close com1: closed lsh≻

Figure 6-8 "sc" command



#### 6.2.2 Status Window of ezManager

Status of CSW-M85 can be monitored by the [Status] button on ezManager. By using the [Refresh Every 1 Second] option in the window, the status will be automatically updated in every second.

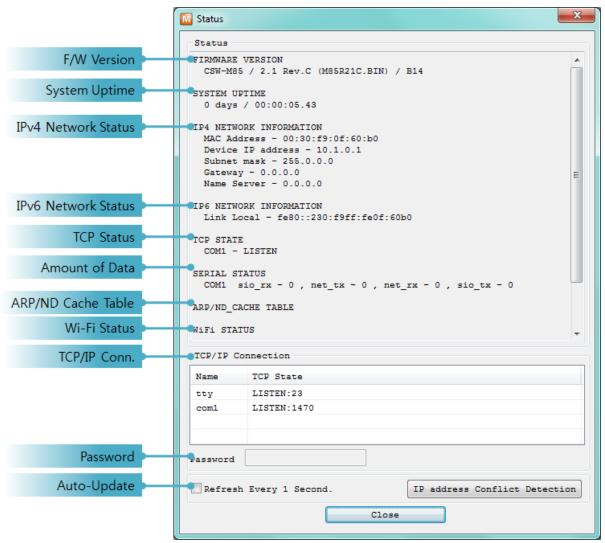


Figure 6-9 status window of ezManager

• FIRMWARE VERSION

The name of model and the version of firmware are displayed here.

• SYSTEM UPTIME

Amount of operating time since CSW-M85 has booted up is displayed.

IP4 NETWORK INFORMATION

All information about related items with the IPv4 Address is shown here.



• IP6 NETWORK INFORMATION

All information about related items with the IPv6 Address is shown here. This item will be shown only when IPv6 is enabled.

• TCP STATE

TCP status of each port is shown in this section.

Message	Description
LISTEN	The session is waiting for TCP connection.
CLOSE	TCP connection is closed.
SYN_SENT	The session is sending "SYN" segment to a TCP server.
ESTABLISHED	TCP connection is established.
N/A	in UDP mode

Table 6-2 TCP STATE

• Amount of data

Amount of data in each buffer is displayed. The unit is byte.

Buffer	Description
sio_rx	The number of data which is received from the COM port
net_tx	The number of data which is sent to the remote host
net_rx	The number of data which is received from the remote host
sio_tx	The number of data which is sent to the COM port

Table 6-3 SERIAL STATUS



• ARP Table / ND Cache Table

This part shows ARP table on CSW-M85. When TCP connection is established or UDP data communication is performed, the information of IP and MAC address is automatically registered in the table. This information lasts for 1 minute so when 50 seconds has passed, CSW-M85 starts broadcasting the ARP packet in every second. If there is no response until the time is 0, the information is removed. Otherwise, the time is updated 60 seconds again.

In IPv6 case, it shows ND cache table. User can check by the ND cache messages. The messages are as follows.

State	Description
	This means the device is standing by after it sends the
INCOMPLETE	request message, Neighbor Solicitation, to MAC and link
	local address of an opponent in the initial communication.
	This means the device has information about the opponent
REACHABLE	after it sends Neighbor Solicitation, and receives Neighbor
	Advertisement.
STALE	The device will change into STALE state after some time later
STALE	reaching REACHABLE.
	The device will change into DELAY state if there is no
DELAY	response to Neighbor Solicitation. In this case, CSW-M85 will
	not be able to communicate with the device.
	CSW-M85 will resend the request message to the device in
PROBE	DELAY state. CSW-M85 will keep sending Neighbor
	Solicitation until it replies.

Table 6-4 5 states of ND cache table



• Wi-Fi Status

Status of Wireless LAN Channel is displayed.

Description
Current channel (Frequency band)
Maximum data rate of the link (Unit: Mbps)
Received Signal Strength Indication (Unit: dBm)
Current authentication algorithm(WEP, TKIP, CCPM)

Table 6-5 Wi-Fi status

• TCP/IP Connection

The same information with [TCP STATE] is displayed with an IP address and port number. A difference from [TCP STATE] is whether you can terminate TCP connection or not. When right click on a session, a small window will be popped up.

• Password

This text box is activated when CSW-M85 has a password. If you want to close TCP connection on [TCP/IP Connection] list, input the password first.

• Refresh Every 1 Second.

If this option is checked, ezManager sends queries in every second.

• IP Address Conflict Detection

By clicking this button, you can find devices which have the same IP address to yours on the network.



Figure 6-10 no confliction of IP addresses

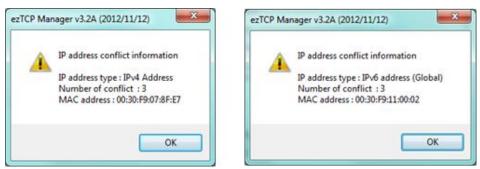


Figure 6-11 confliction of IP addresses



## 7 Additional Functions

## 7.1 Security

#### 7.1.1 Access Restriction (ezTCP Firewall)

On the [Option] tab of ezManager, you can set access restriction function with MAC and IP address.

#### • Allowed MAC Address

If this option has a valid value, the device which has the MAC address is only permitted to access.

#### • Allowed IP Address

This is for qualifying hosts with IP address or range of IP addresses. The range is defined by multiplying [IP address] and [Network Mask] in bit unit.

#### • Examples for IPv4

IP Address	Network Mask	Allowed IP Address Range
10.1.0.1	255.0.0.0	10.1.0.1 ~ 10.255.255.254
10.1.0.1	255.255.255.0	10.1.0.1 ~ 10.1.0.254
192.168.1.4	255.255.255.255	192.168.1.4

Table 7-1 examples of defining allowed IP range

• Apply to ezManager

[Apply to ezManager] is for applying above two restrictions to ezManager functions like [Search], [Read], [Write] and etc.

#### • Examples for IPv6

IPv6 Address	Prefix	Allowed IP Address Range
2001:DB8::100	64	2001:DB8::1 ~ 2001:DB8::FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF
2001:DB8::100	128	2001:DB8::100

Table 7-2 examples of defining allowed IPv6 range

#### 7.1.2 Setting Password

A password can be used for protecting CSW-M85 from TELNET login or changing environmental parameters by hosts which are not qualified. The maximum length is 8 bytes of alphabet or number.

#### 7.1.3 Using WEP

• AP settings

Set parameters such as authentication mode(open / shared) and key length(64 / 128) on your AP. If you do not know how to set AP's parameters, refer to the manual or ask the manufacturer.

• CSW-M85 settings

Input WEP Key, which is set on the AP, in [Shared Key] text box of [Security Settings] section on [WLAN] tab of ezManager.

Security Setting	3
Shared Key	****
	V Hide Characters
802.1X	Disable 🔻
	ID/Password

Figure 7-1 Shared Key settings

Parameter	Available Values		
Length	64 bits	128 bits	
Type (ASCII code)	5-digits	13-digits	

Table 7-3 WEP key settings

#### 7.1.4 Using WPA-PSK

• AP settings

Set the WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK and related parameters on your AP. If you do not know how to set AP's parameters, refer to the manual or ask the manufacturer.

• CSW-M85 settings

Input WPA-PSK Key, which is set on the AP, in [Shared Key] text box of [Security Settings] section on [WLAN] tab of ezManager. (See the Figure 7-1 Shared Key settings)

The length of Key for WPA-PSK should be 8 ~ 63 characters.

#### 7.1.5 Using WPA-Enterprise

• AP settings

Set the WPA-Enterprise for authentication and radius server to communicate. If you do not know how to set AP's parameters, refer to the manual or ask the manufacturer.

#### *CSW-M85 supports EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS and PEAP.*

• CSW-M85 settings

Select one of authentication protocols on 802.1X item in the Security Settings.

Protocol	required parameters
EAP-TLS	ID of radius server account, client certificate
EAP-TTLS	ID and passphrase of radius server account
PEAP	ID and passphrase of radius server account

Table 7-4 802.1X item

• How to use EAP-TLS

In the case of EAP-TLS, a certificate is needed to save by ezManager.

The procedures are as follows:

- 1 Configure the ID of radius server account.
- ② Check the [Advanced Menu] option and click the [Certificate] button.



Figure 7-2 Certificate button

 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{I}}$  Save the client certificate made by radius server.

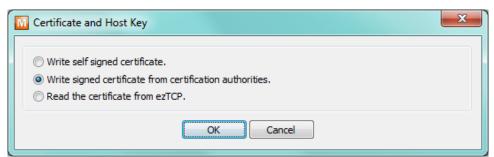


Figure 7-3 saving client certification

- ④ Input password for the certificate.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$  S Check the information of the certificate.



#### 7.1.6 Advanced Settings

You can configure advanced settings for WLAN with this button. We recommend using the default values if you do not have any problem with it.

M Advanced Settings	×
Phy Mode	◎ 802.11
	© 802.11b
	802.11b/g
R dhart Darash h	
Short Preamble	
CTS Protection	
Background Scan	
	OK Cancel

Figure 7-4 Advanced Settings

• PHY Mode

You have three options for PHY mode and those are [802.11], [802.11b] and [802.11b/g] mode.

• Short Preamble

Under good condition of WLAN environment, you can expect a slight improvement by enabling this option. Otherwise, you had batter to disable this option.

• Short Slot

Using this option, you can expect some improvement in WLAN performances. If you are in bad condition of WLAN environment, you had batter to disable this option.

• CTS Protection

Using this option, you can expect some improvement in WLAN performances under WLAN environment that both 802.11b and 11g devices are.



## 7.2 Option Tab Functions

#### 7.2.1 Notify IPv4 Change

CSW-M85 can be a TCP server even though its IPv4 address is automatically assigned. Using [Notify IP Change] function, CSW-M85 sends its IP address to the specific server. It is offered in 3 types of services, DDNS, TCP and UDP.

• Dynamic Domain Name Service (DDNS)

CSW-M85 supports DDNS service offered by DynDNS. Therefore, you have to make an account and create host names at the DynDNS website before you use.

#### All about service usage of an account could be changed according to the policy of DynDNS.

#### *The state of DynDNS: <u>http://dyn.com/dns/</u>*

Notify IPv4 Change				
1 Protocol	Interval	Port	Data Type	
DDNS(dyndns.org) 👻	40320 Minute(s)	0	ASCII	-
3 DDNS ID	DDNS Password	5 Host Name	(dyndns)	
account	•••••	yourhostn	ame.dyndns.orgs	

Figure 7-5 setting DDNS

- Select the [DDNS(dyndns.org)]
- 2 40,320 is a fixed value
- ③ Input the ID of DDNS account
- ④ Input the password of the account
- (5) Input a host name which you create on your account
- TCP/UDP

In case you have your own server and want to manage the information about changed IP addresses, you are allowed to use TCP/UDP. Not only can you set the [Interval], but also use both ASCII and hexadecimal in [Data Type].

*The set of the set of* 



#### 7.2.2 Sending MAC Address

[Sending MAC Address] is a function that the CSW-M85 sends its MAC address to the remote host right after a connection. By using this function, a server can identify multiple devices with the information.

etwork	Serial Port	Wireless	s LAN	Option		
Optior	1			1	)	
V Te	net		V I	Pv4 Addre	ess Search	
🗸 Ser	nd MAC Add	ress		Debugging	Message	
SS	_	0	N	Aultiple Co	nnection	
SS	н	(2)	F	ower Mar	nagement	
Comm	ent					
۲.	7 6	6.6				

Figure 7-6 setting of Sending MAC Address function

- 1 Click the [Option] tab.
- 2 Check the [Send MAC Address] option.
- *Refer to Sending MAC Address Function for more details.*

COM1	
Serial Port	TCP/IP
Serial Type TTL	Communication Mode
RS-232 🔻	T2S - TCP Server
Baudrate	Peer Address
19200 👻	
Parity	Peer Port Local Port
SPACE -	1470 1470 TCP Server 5
Data Bits	Event Byte Timeout
8	0 0
Stop Bit	Data Frame
1 bit -	(3) Data Frame Interval(10ms)
	0
Flow Control	Separator
NONE	Separator Length Separator (HEX)
DTR/DSR	0 00 00 00 00
TX Interval	Separator Operation
00	Transmit Separators
	rt

## 7.3 Serial Port Tab Functions

Figure 7-7 setting of TELNET COM Port Control option

#### 7.3.1 TELNET COM port Control Option (RFC 2217) - ①

This option is for sending and receiving serial port states between two devices. You can send and receive control signals such as RTS/CTS when the states are changed.

#### *TELNET COM Port Control Option for more details.*

#### 7.3.2 Disable TCP Transmission Delay - ②

If you use this option, CSW-M85 sends the data from the serial port to WLAN as quickly as possible.

#### 7.3.3 Data Frame Interval - ③

Before sending data from the serial port to WLAN, CSW-M85 gathers data in the buffer. If there is no data during the time configured in the [Data Frame Interval], it will send data to the network. In case the value is set to 0, data will be sent immediately. The unit is 10ms and this is operated more accurately by checking [Disable TCP Transmission Delay] option.

#### 7.3.4 Separator - ④

Using this function, you can control the length of network packets by specific characters.

separator	options	
Length	select the length between 0 ~ 4 bytes	
	Transmit Separators without additional bytes	
Operation	Transmit Separators + 1 byte	
	Transmit Separators + 2 byte	

Table 7-5 separator

#### 7.3.5 TCP Server / Client mode - (5)

This mode is available on TCP client mode only. In this mode, you do not need to change the mode for switching active or passive TCP connection. Note that the [Event Byte] option should be set to more than 1.

*TCP Server / Client mode for more details.* 



## 7.4 Additional Functions

#### 7.4.1 Wireless RSSI(Received Signal Strengh Indication) function

CSW-M85 indicates 4 levels of Received Signal Strength Indication (RSSI), measured from product side by LEDs.

• Using Wireless RSSI function

Establishing a wireless network, connect the pin #11(LINK\_Q#) to GND. Keeping this connection, CSW-M85 indicates the RSSI by using 4 LED indicators. What each state means are as follows.

Division	STS_LED	LINK_LED#	RXD_LED#	TXD_LED#
RSSI < -70dBm	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
-70dBm ≤ RSSI < -60dBm	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
-60dBm ≤ RSSI < -50dBm	ON	ON	ON	OFF
-50dBm ≤ RSSI	ON	ON	ON	ON

Table 7-6 4 states of LQ indication

#### *The second seco*

#### 7.4.2 Factory Reset

It is a function physically initializes all the setting. You can save a setting to user-defined ENV region and use it as default values by the factory reset. However, if you do not use the region, Factory Reset uses a factory default by manufacturer as its default values.

- Using Factory Reset
  - ① Connect pin #12(CONFIG#) of CON1 to GND (input LOW signal).
  - ② Connect pin #3 of CON1 to GND (input LOW signal over 3 seconds).
  - ③ Factory Reset will be automatically implemented to default values.
  - ④ Disconnect the two pins from GND.
  - 5 Reboot.
- Setting custom default values
  - ① Change the mode to Serial Configuration mode
  - ② Save custom default values by ezManager or serial configuration commands
  - ③ Input the command below

b	<space></space>	3с5а	<cr></cr>

④ After step ③, current values in the SRAM is saved in user-defined ENV region and the values will be always used for Factory Reset.



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## 8 Checklist in Trouble

When you are in trouble with CSW-M85, make sure all the following first.

## 8.1 Searching problem with ezManager

Confirming configuration utility

CSW-M85 should be configured by ezManager.

• Stopping Firewall operation

A firewall on personal computer or network can block broadcast packets. Stop all the firewalls before searching CSW-M85

#### Most of vaccine applications have firewall functions so it can cause some trouble to search CSW-M85. Stop these programs before searching.

• Stable supply of the power

Check if the power is supplied continually.

• Connection with the wireless network

Check if the wireless link is established. After confirming that the status of LINK LED is ON, check the list of wireless LAN devices on the management page of the AP.

• Connection with the network

Make sure that the network connection between the PC and AP including Ethernet cable. In this step, we recommend you to connect the AP with your PC directly or in the same network hub.

• Checking options of restriction

In case that access restriction is activated, the communication with ezManager would be impossible. When you are in this situation, make CSW-M85 operate in the serial configuration mode to revoke the restriction.

• Checking operation mode

While this product operating in Serial Communication mode, you are not able to search via network. Please change the mode to normal mode or use Soft AP function.



## 8.2 Connection Problem over TCP/IP

- Connection with the wireless network Check if the wireless link is fine.
- Checking parameters related with TCP/IP

When CSW-M85 has a private IP address, an IP address of a PC and CSW-M85 needs to be on the same network. Check if the IP address and local port number are correct. In the case of a fixed IP address related items such as subnet mask, gateway IP address and DNS IP address should be configured.

TCP Server side	TCP Client side	
Local IP Address, Local Port, Subnet	Local IP Address, Peer Address, Peer Port,	
Mask, Gateway IP Address, DNS IP	Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address, DNS IP	
Address, DDNS option, and etc.	Address, and etc.	

Table 8-1 major parameters related with TCP/IP

• PING Test

Confirm the connection over the network by PING test. If the CSW-M85 does not send any reply from the request, check the network environment.

• Network Firewall

In the case of networks which need strong security, the access may be denied by their firewall. Under this circumstance, consult the network administrator to release ports which will be used. (Ex: TCP 1470, UDP 50005)

• Operation Mode

TCP connection will not be established when CSW-M85 is operating in the ISP or Serial Configuration mode.

• Communication Mode

To make TCP connection, both a server and client should exist. If there are only servers or clients, TCP connection cannot be established.

• ezTCP Firewall

When you set the ezTCP firewall with MAC and IP address, all hosts cannot be reachable except for the hosts have the allowed MAC and IP address. Inactivate the option or check the setting is correct for allowing specific hosts to access.

• Checking the TCP status

Basically, TCP is a protocol connected one to one. Because of this, if a device is TCP on-line state, other requests are denied. If you are in this situation, check the network status by connecting on TELNET or using ezManager.

## 8.3 Data Communication Problem on the Serial Port

• Connection of Pins

Check if the connection of each pin is right. Refer to the chapter 1.5.4 to find out the pin assignment. In the case of using a cable, you should choose the right type of cable which is suitable for the device.

• Setting parameters

Check if all the serial port parameters like Baud Rate, Data bit, Stop bit and Parity are properly set.

*The Please contact us if you have any questions about above steps or our products.* 

## 9 Technical Support, Warranty, and Precaution

## 9.1 Technical Support

If you have any question regarding operation of the product, visit Customer Support FAQ corner and the message board on Sollae Systems' web site or send us an email at the following address:

- Website Address for Customer Support: <u>http://www.eztcp.com/en/support/</u>
- E-mail: <a href="mailto:support@eztcp.com">support@eztcp.com</a>

### 9.2 Warranty

#### 9.2.1 Refund

Upon the customer's request to refund the product within two weeks after purchase, Sollae Systems will refund the product.

#### 9.2.2 Free Repair Services

For product failures occurring within two years after purchase, Sollae Systems provides free repair services or exchange the product. However, if the product failure is due to user's fault, repair service fees will be charged or the product will be replaced at user's expense.

#### 9.2.3 Charged Repair Services

For product failures occurring after the warranty period (two years) or resulting from user's fault, repair service fees will be charged and the product will be replaced at user's expense.



### 9.3 Precaution

- Sollae Systems is not responsible for product failures occurring due to user's alternation of the product.
- Specifications of the product are subject to change without prior notice for performance improvement.
- Sollae Systems does not guarantee successful operation of the product if the product was used under conditions deviating from the product specifications.
- Reverse engineering of firmware and applications provided by Sollae Systems is prohibited.
- Use of firmware and applications provided by Sollae Systems for purposes other than those for which they were designed is prohibited.
- Do not use the product in an extremely cold or hot place or in a place where vibration is severe.
- Do not use the product in an environment in which humidity is high or a lot of oil exists.
- Do not use the product where there is caustic or combustible gas.
- Sollae Systems does not guarantee normal operation of the product under the conditions a lot of noise exists.
- Do not use the product for a purpose that requires exceptional quality and reliability relating to user's injuries or accidents aerospace, aviation, health care, nuclear power, transportation, and safety purposes.
- Sollae Systems is not responsible for any accident or damage occurring while using the product.



## **10 Revision History**

Date	Version	Description	Author
2011.10.21	1.0	○ Initial release	Roy LEE
2011.10.27	1.1	○ Typo has been modified	Amy Kim
2011.11.07	1.2	○ The table 7-3 has been corrected	Roy LEE
		$\bigcirc$ The table 1-1 has been modified (TXDE)	
2011.12.13	1.3	$\bigcirc$ A dimension (side / bottom view) has been added	Roy LEE
		<ul> <li>Pictures and figures have been updated</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Link Quality Indication function has been added</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Factory Reset has been added</li> </ul>	
		○ Caution about service using of DynDNS has been added	
		<ul> <li>The application circuit has been modified</li> </ul>	
2012.01.12	1.4	<ul> <li>Modify max. value of passphrase for WPA</li> </ul>	Roy LEE
		○ Update pictures	
		<ul> <li>Change description of Link Quality mode</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Add AT commands for Wi-Fi configuration</li> </ul>	
		$\bigcirc$ Correct some errors about web site link	
		<ul> <li>Modify the Software Specification</li> </ul>	
2012.01.31	1.5	<ul> <li>Correct descriptions of 7.3.5 Factory Reset</li> </ul>	Roy LEE
		$\bigcirc$ Add recommended values of the Event Byte	
2012.03.07	1.6	<ul> <li>Correct some errors and expressions</li> </ul>	Roy LEE
2012.05.25	1.7	$\bigcirc$ Apply contents of 2.0A version	Roy LEE
		○ Add a description of [IP address conflict detection]	
		$\bigcirc$ Extend the warranty period to two years	
		<ul> <li>Remove description about PPPoE and DHCP</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Modify the descriptions of Components</li> </ul>	
		$\bigcirc$ Add descriptions for WLAN Advanced settings	
		<ul> <li>Update some figures</li> </ul>	
		○ Correct some errors	
2012.09.07	1.8	○ Add IPv6 related contents	Roy LEE
		<ul> <li>Add descriptions of Soft AP function</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Add descriptions of WPA-Enterprise</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Modify descriptions about WEP, WPA-PSK</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Change position of caption "Table"</li> </ul>	
		$\bigcirc$ Change the Figure 1-5 Side / Bottom view	



		○ Modify descriptions of 2.1 Wireless LAN Overview	
		○ Correct some errors and expressions	
2012.09.19	1.9	<ul> <li>Modify descriptions of 4.2. Changing modes</li> </ul>	Roy LEE
		<ul> <li>Modify descriptions of Factory Reset function</li> </ul>	
		○ Correct some errors and expressions	
2012.10.25	2.0	$\bigcirc$ Add a clause about serial port parameters	Roy LEE
		<ul> <li>Add description of WEB configuration</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Modify configuration of WEP and WPA-PSK</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Modify some document styles</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Correct some errors and expressions</li> </ul>	
2012.12.21	2.1	<ul> <li>Modify description of Soft AP function</li> </ul>	Roy LEE
		○ Add an example of TCP Server / Client mode	
		<ul> <li>Update some figures</li> </ul>	
		○ Add a description about test condition for certificate.	
		<ul> <li>Add descriptions of ND cache table</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Add a figure of IP address confliction</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Correct some expressions</li> </ul>	

